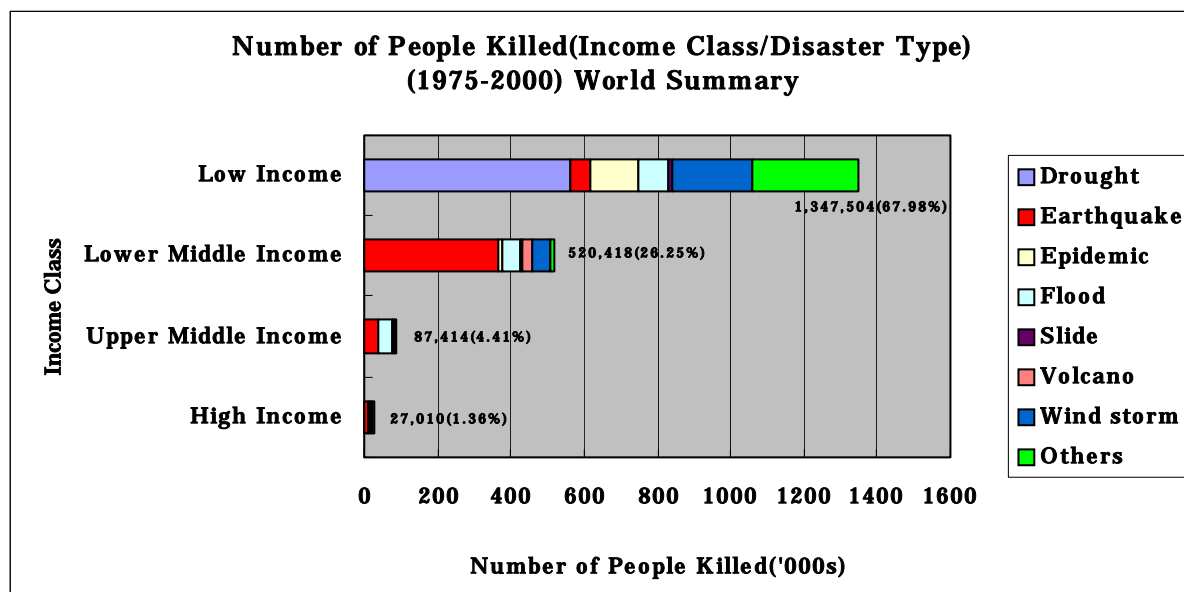


1-2 Sustainable Development and Natural Disasters

The number of people killed by natural disasters are categorized by income level in affected countries as shown in the Fig.1-8 ~ 1-10. The figures show that 95 % of people killed by natural disasters in the world concentrate in Low or Lower Middle Income countries.

Fig.1-8



Cf.

Income Classification (based on per capita GNI, 2000)	
High Income	\$9,266 and above
Upper Middle Income	\$2,996 ~ \$9,265
Lower Middle Income	\$756 ~ \$2,995
Lower Income	Less than \$755

Source: World Bank

Fig.1-9

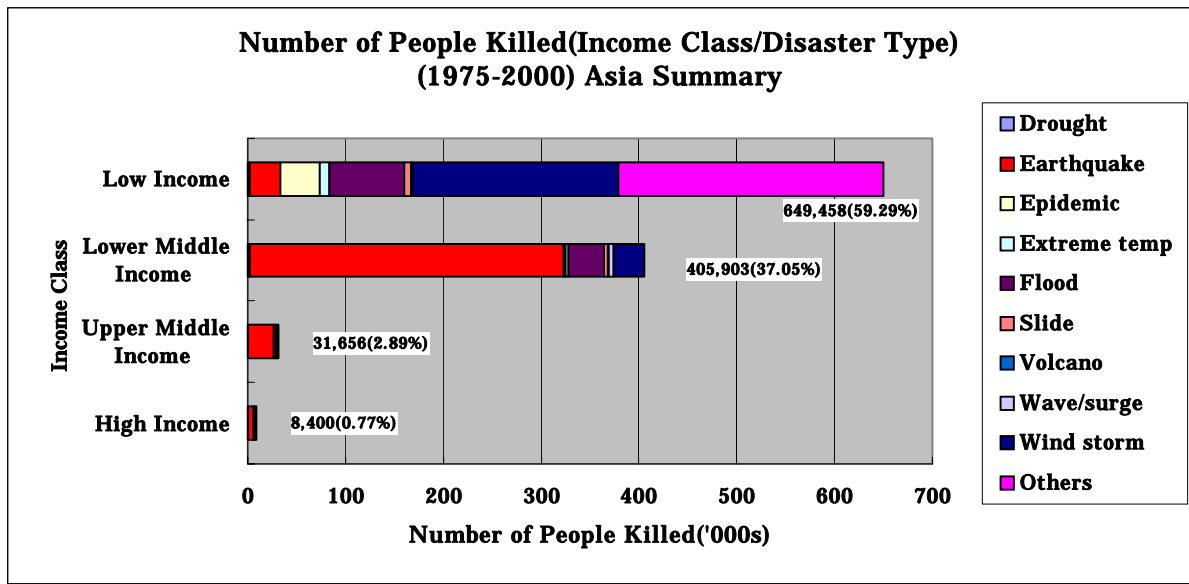
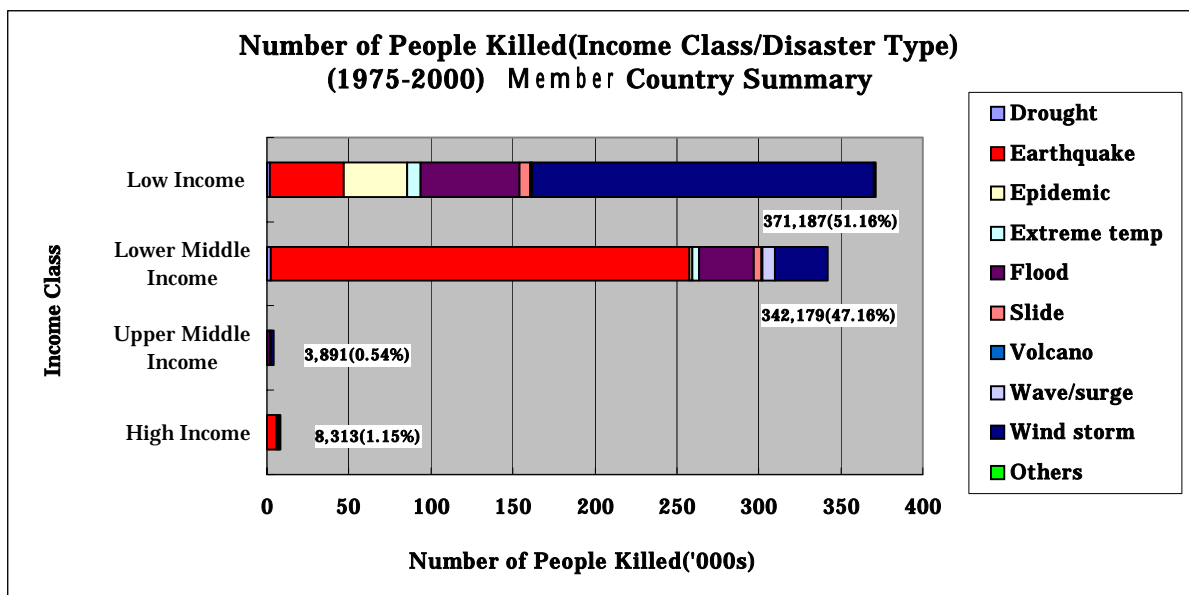


Fig.10



The number of affected people by natural disasters, as in the Figures of 1-11 ~ 1-13, is also likely to follow the similar trend as above.

Fig.1-11

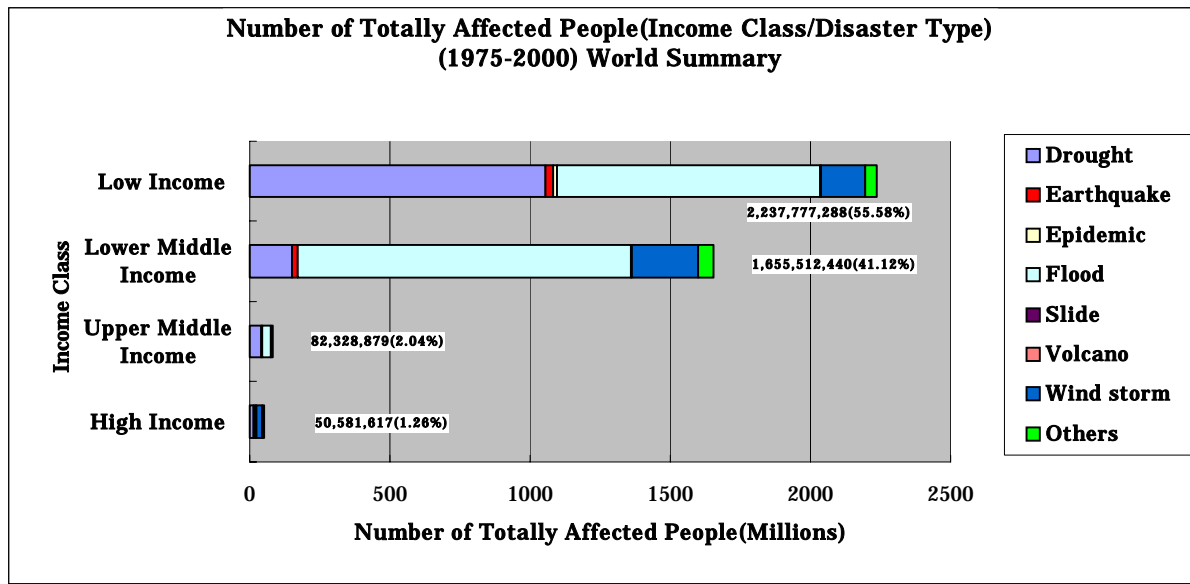


Fig.1-12

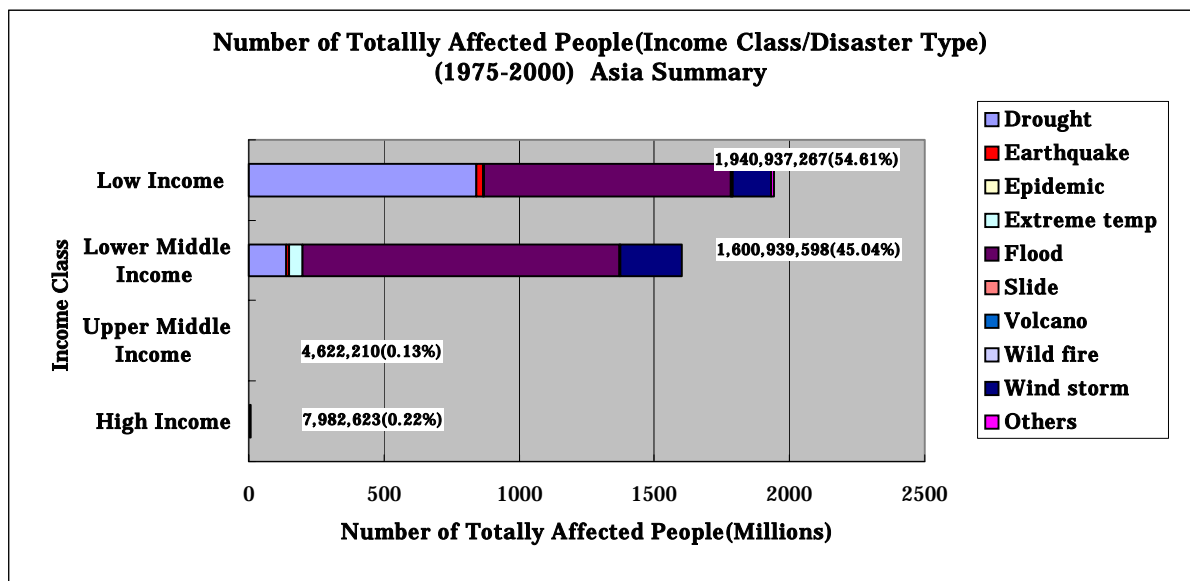
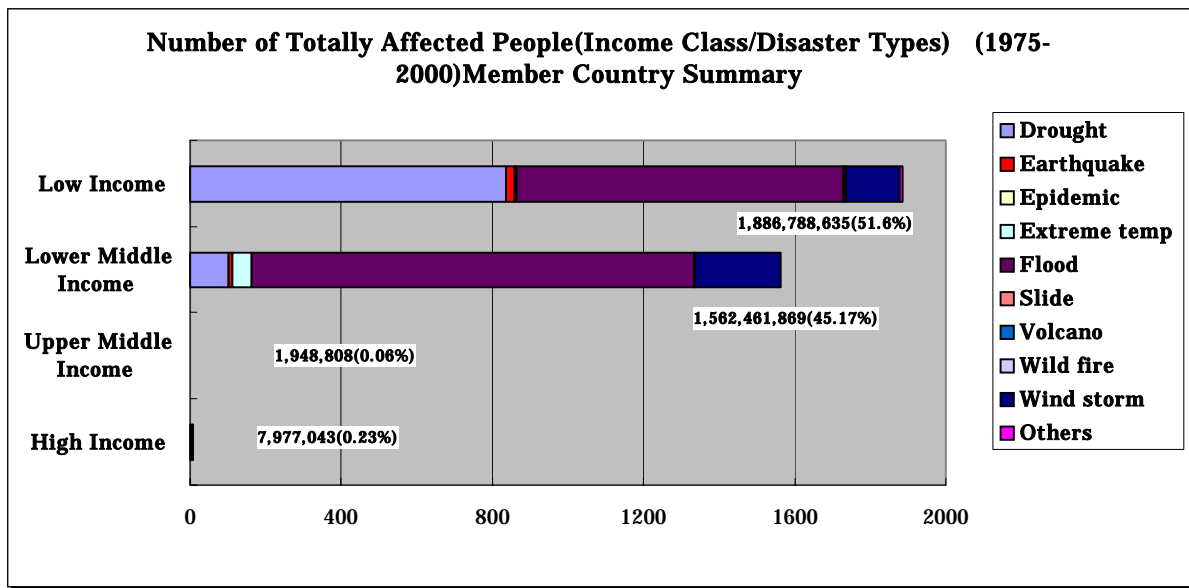


Fig.1-13



Though the real economic damage caused by natural disasters is higher in developed countries which have accumulated social capital, the developing and lower income countries have more substantial impact when compared with GNI, divided with the amount of damages, as indicated by Fig.1-14 ~ 1-16.

It is clear that poverty and damage by natural disasters are interconnected to each other.

Fig.1-14

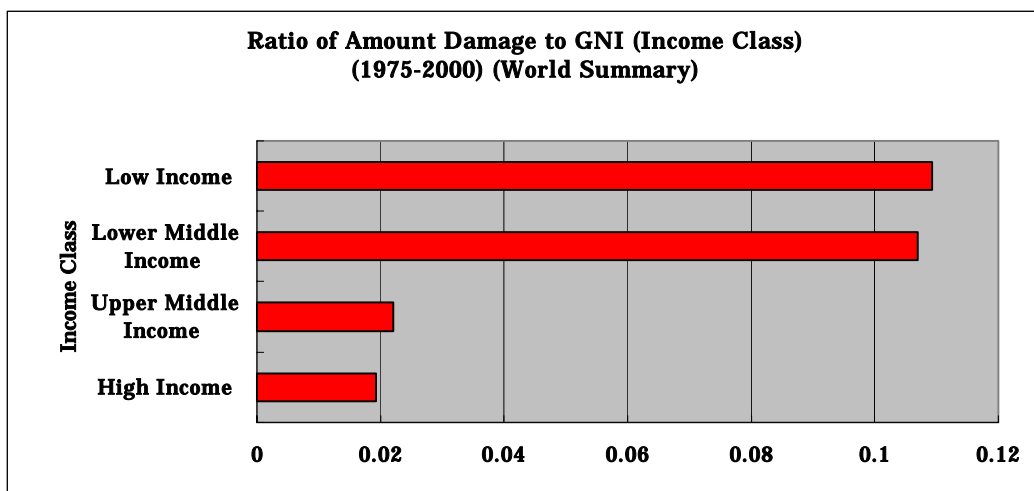


Fig.1-15

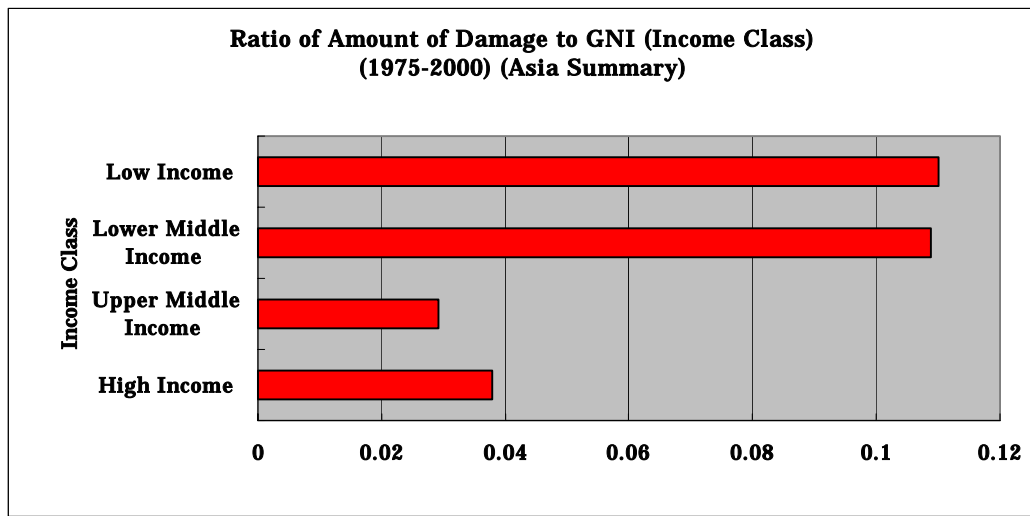


Fig.1-16

