"Town Watching for Disaster Reduction" for effective and successful risk communication

United Nations World Conference on Disaster Reduction (Kobe, JAPAN) Thematic Session (Cluster 2): Effective and Successful Risk Communication - as an Integral Part of Disaster Risk Management -

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Community Based Hazard Mapping

Community Based Hazard Map

Town Watching for Disaster Reduction

Step 0: Learn About Disasters

Step 1: Know Our Town/Field Survey

Step 2: Develop a Map

Step 3: Conduct Group Discussions and Make Presentations

Step 0: Learn About Disasters

- Lectures on disasters in the local community
 - Mechanisms of natural hazards
 - Historical events
 - Causes of local vulnerabilities
 - Countermeasures

etc.

- Introduction to the Town-Watching concept
 - Objectives
 - Schedules of activities
 - Expected results

Step 1: Know Our Town / Field Survey

 Each group walks around the streets in the local community, looking to identify both positive and negative features relating to disaster risk management activities.

 Group members make notes and take photographs.



Step 2: Develop a Map

 Group members create a community based hazard map, manually integrating their observations and findings on a large-scale base map.



Step 3: Conduct Group Discussions and Make Presentations

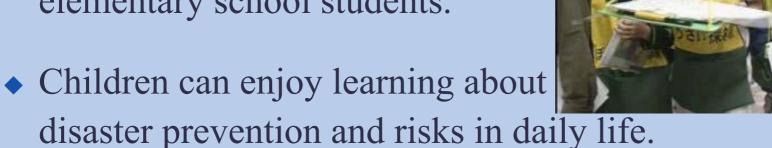
- Group discusses about:
 "What are the potential problems?",
 "What are the possible countermeasures?",
 "Who should be responsible for implementing particular countermeasures?"
- Presentations to share the results of the group discussions



Good Practice 1: Town-Watching for Floods in Seoul, Rep. of Korea (Conducted by ADRC with Typhoon Committee)

Good Practice 2: Disaster Prevention Education Program for Children: **"Exploration for Disaster Prevention"** by General Insurance Association of Japan (GIAJ) and Nippon Volunteer Network Active in Disaster (NVNAD)

- GIAJ and NVNAD jointly developed the program in 2003.
- This program is designed for elementary school students.



Summary

The major merits of **Town-Watching** are that people are better able to:

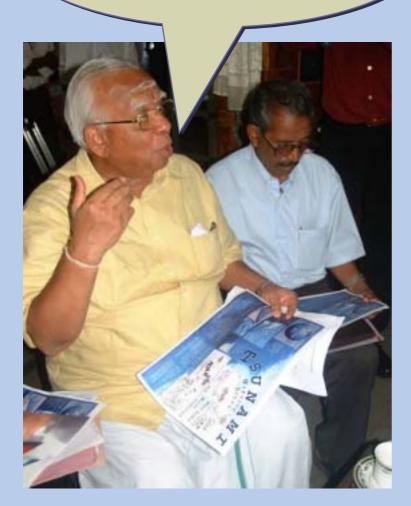
 Develop a concrete image of disaster reduction activities among all stakeholders including government officials, experts, local residents, etc.

- Autonomously identify problems in their own communities
- Share opinions and reach a reasonable social consensus through face-to-face discussions

Activates Risk Communication 10

Dec. 2004 Tsunami Disaster in Indian Ocean

If we know about Tsunami, people can evacuate safely !





Hikkaduwa, Gall Province, Sri Lanka¹¹



Asian Disaster Reduction Center (ADRC) http://www.adrc.or.jp/